



**CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF KINGSTON**

**Ontario**

**By-Law Number 2005-98**

**A By-Law To Direct The Orderly Addressing Of Buildings And Properties And Appropriate  
Naming Of Roads Within The City of Kingston**

**Passed:** May 3, 2005  
**Updated:** March 22, 2016

**As Amended By By-Law Number:**

By-law Number 2005-206	August 23, 2005
By-law Number 2010-197	October 5, 2010
By-law Number 2016-76	March 22, 2016

***(Office Consolidation)***

## City of Kingston By-law Number 2005-98

### A By-Law To Direct The Orderly Addressing Of Buildings And Properties And Appropriate Naming Of Roads Within The City of Kingston

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## The Corporation Of The City Of Kingston

### By-Law Number 2005-98

#### A By-Law To Direct The Orderly Addressing Of Buildings And Properties And Appropriate Naming Of Roads Within The City of Kingston

**Passed:** May 3, 2005

**Whereas** the **Municipal Act**, 2001, permits municipalities to establish civic addresses, to name municipal highways and private roads, and to enter land to install signs and affix numbers to buildings;

**And Whereas** City Council wishes to establish a simplified system of identifying properties that will ensure accurate and efficient routing of emergency vehicles, mail, and other services, and will be capable of accommodating future growth;

**Now Therefore** the Council of the Corporation of the City of Kingston enacts as follows:

#### 1. Definitions

- 1) "Building" means a structure occupying an area greater than ten (10) square metres consisting of a wall, roof, and floors or combination thereof or a structural system serving the function thereof including all plumbing, works, fixtures and service systems appurtenant thereto as defined in the **Building Code Act**, 1992.
- 2) "Building Permit" means a Building Permit issued under the **Building Code Act**, S.O. 1992, c.23, as amended.
- 3) "City" means the Corporation of the City of Kingston.
- 4) "Civic Address" means the civic number, including the unit number where applicable, and road name assigned to a particular building or lot.
- 5) "Civic Number" means the number (including the unit number where applicable) assigned by the City for the purpose of identifying the building or lot.  

(By-law Number 2005-98; 2016-76)
- 6) "Ground Sign" means an on premise sign including a backlit, posturn, pylon and readograph sign supported from the ground and not attached to any part of a building, as per the City of Kingston Sign By-Law, as amended from time to time.  

(By-law Number 2005-98; 2016-76)

- 7) "Highway" means a common and public highway or a portion thereof, under the jurisdiction of the City and includes any bridge, trestle, viaduct or other structure forming part of the highway.  
(By-law Number 2005-98; 2016-76)
- 8) "Owner" means the person having any right, title, interest, or equity in land or his/her agent.
- 9) "Master Address Repository" means a database of building addresses, blocks, intersections, street names, street suffix and direction and other location identifiers within the City of Kingston.  
(By-law Number 2005-98; 2016-76)
- 10) "Number Blade" means a sign that is affixed to a support structure adjacent to the Private Road or Highway for the purpose of displaying the Civic Number of the building or lot to which the sign relates.  
(By-law Number 2005-98; 2016-76)
- 11) "Private Road" means single or multi-lane path accessible to vehicles that is not under the jurisdiction of the City or the Province.
- 12) "Property" means any land divided into lots by the Director of Titles as defined in the **Land Titles Act**, 1990.
- 13) "Road" means a Highway under the jurisdiction of the City or a Private Road.
- 14) "Unit" means an independently used space within a building (e.g. a store within a shopping mall or an apartment within a residential complex).

## **2. Area Of Application**

The Provisions of this By-law shall govern all civic addressing and road naming within the geographic limits of the City of Kingston.

## **3. General Provisions**

### **3A. Civic Addressing**

- 1) Civic addresses shall be assigned by the City of Kingston Planning Division to all properties and/or buildings in the municipality in accordance with Schedule "A" hereto.
- 2) New civic addresses shall be assigned as part of the procedures related to the establishment of new lots or redevelopment projects, and verified as part of the Building Permit approval process.

- 3) No Building Permit shall be issued in the absence of a civic address.
- 4) The Official Record of civic addresses shall be those civic addresses listed in the last revised assessment roll for the City until such time as the City creates a Council approved Master Civic Addressing List.
- 5) The owner of the property to which a civic address has been issued, unless otherwise notified, shall post the number in a conspicuous and visible manner and in accordance with the signage conventions set out in Schedule "C".

(By-law Number 2005-98)

- 6) Where a civic address has been issued to a property, the owner shall be notified in accordance with section 4(2) of this By-law by registered mail, and the owner shall be allowed thirty (30) days from the date of notice to post the civic number as per Schedule "C" herein. If the number cannot be posted due to incomplete construction, a temporary civic number must be posted, and shall not be removed until the permanent number is posted.
- 7) Every building requires a posted civic number, either temporary or permanent, as per Schedule "C", on the date an occupancy permit is issued.
- 8) Once a permanent number or number blade is posted, the owner shall maintain the number or number blade in a visible condition. Where a number blade is no longer in a visible condition or requires relocation, the owner shall inform the City and request replacement or relocation. The City will assume the cost for number blade replacement or relocation if damage is due to a City initiative, reported collision, or other circumstance at the discretion of the Manager of Engineering Services or his/her designate. If the need for replacement or relocation is due to negligent actions on the part of the owner, the owner shall pay the fee as set out in Schedule "D".
- 9) No person shall post, or being the owner or occupant of the building or property, shall allow to be posted, or to remain posted, any number that is in conflict with the most recent civic address that has been issued by the City.
- 10) Any building(s) with an existing assigned municipal address number may be reassigned a new number by the Director of Planning and Development or his/her designate where there are potentially confusing number discontinuities or irregularities, there is an inadequate supply of civic numbers for existing and future lot development, there are emergency service requirements or there are other City initiatives.

3(10) cont'd:

The Director of Planning and Development or his/her designate will provide written notice of the civic address numbering change to the owners of any affected properties.

In cases where it is found that the renumbering of a building, unit or property would pose undue hardship on a number of residents or businesses, the Director of Planning and Development or his/her designate, at his/her discretion, in consultation with emergency service providers may allow the existing civic address to remain, provided that the existing address follows a clear numbering sequence and complies with the requirements for emergency service.

It is the responsibility of the owner(s) to ensure that the new civic address number or signage is installed and visible from the street.

(By Law Number 2005-98; By-Law Number 2010-197)

- 11) Where a civic address is changed by the City at the request of a property owner(s), the property owner(s) shall pay the fee as set out in Schedule "D", as well as the cost of installing a new number or number blade.

### **3B. Road Naming**

- 1) Road names shall be issued by the City in accordance with Schedule "B" hereto.
- 2) New road names shall be assigned as part of the procedures related to the establishment of highways or private roads, and verified as part of the Building Permit approval process.
- 3) The application of proposed road names shall be subject to the approval of the City.
- 4) The Official Record of road names shall be those road names listed in the Kingston Central Area Street Register as maintained by the City.
- 5) Where a road name is changed (renamed) by the City at the request of a property owner(s), the property owner(s) shall pay the fee as set out in Schedule "D", as well as the cost of administration and installing new signage.
- 6) Change (renaming) of road names is subject to City Council approval in accordance with the **Municipal Act**, 2001.

### 3B. Road Naming cont'd

- 7) When an existing road is being renamed, there shall be a public notification process to obtain comments and/or suggestions respecting the new road name. All comments and suggestions will be reviewed and a recommendation for a new road name will be submitted to City Council for approval

(By Law Number 2005-98; By-Law Number 2010-197)

## 4. Enforcement

1. In those instances where:
  - a. the posted Civic Number is not in accordance with the Civic Address issued for the property;
  - b. the correct Civic Number is posted but not in a conspicuous or visible manner and/or not in accordance with the conventions set out in Schedule "C" hereto; or
  - c. a Number Blade installed in conformance with Schedule "C" herein has not been maintained in a visible condition or has been removed or relocated without the prior authorization of the Director of Engineering or his/her designate;

The Owner shall be provided written Notice in accordance with the provisions of Section 4(2) below, and the Owner shall comply with the terms of the Notice within thirty (30) days from the delivery of the Notice.

2. Notice shall be deemed to be delivered in the following circumstances:
  - a. the Notice is delivered by personal service to the Owner;
  - b. seven days after the date the Notice is sent by prepaid registered mail to the last known address of the Owner; or
  - c. if service cannot be effected by methods a) or b) above, by posting the Notice in a conspicuous and visible manner upon the property.
3. Any person who contravenes the provisions of this by-law is guilty of an offence and upon conviction, is subject to a fine as provided in Section 429 of the *Municipal Act*, and all such offences are designated as continuing offences.
4. A person who is convicted of an offence under this by-law is liable, for each day or part of a day that the offence continues, to a minimum fine of \$500 and a maximum fine of \$10,000 and the total of all daily fines for the offence is not limited to \$100,000.

5. Directors and Officers of a corporation who knowingly concur in the contravention of this by-law are guilty of an offence.
6. No person shall fail to comply, or fail to allow compliance, with a Notice issued pursuant to Section 4(1) of this by-law.
7. In addition to the penalty prescribed in Section 4(4) above, if the Owner fails to comply, or fails to allow compliance, with the Notice issued pursuant to Section 4(1) of this by-law, the City shall have the right to enter onto the property and post the Civic Number, as assigned to the building or property, and charge the Owner with the expense of same and said expense may be added to the tax roll and collected in the same manner as taxes.
8. No person shall hinder or obstruct, or attempt to hinder or obstruct, any person who is discharging their duties under this by-law.
9. When a person has been convicted of an offence under this by-law, the Superior Court of Justice, or any court of competent jurisdiction may, in addition to any penalty imposed on the person convicted, issue an order prohibiting the continuation or repetition of the offence by the person convicted; and requiring the person convicted to correct the contravention in the manner and within the period that the court considers appropriate.

(By-law Number 2005-98; 2016-76)



## 5. Administration

- 1) The Director of Planning, Building and Licensing Services or his/her designate is responsible for the administration of this by-law.

(By Law Number 2005-98; 2010-197; 2016-76)

- 2) The Civic Addressing, Road Naming, and Signage Conventions set out in Schedules “A”, “B”, and “C” respectively are hereby declared to implement part of this By-law.
- 3) If any section, clause, or provision of this By-law or parts thereof are found, for any reason, by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or beyond the power of the Council to enact, such section, clause, or provision or parts thereof, shall be deemed to be severable and all other sections, clauses, or provisions of this By-law shall be deemed to be separate and independent therefrom and continue in full force and effect until repealed unless and until similarly found invalid.
- 4) This By-law shall come into force and take effect immediately upon the passing thereof and shall take precedence over any section of any other By-law that relates to civic addressing and/or street naming.
- 5) This By-law may be cited as the “Civic Addressing and Road Naming By-law.

(By-law Number 2005-98)

**Schedule “A”  
Civic Addressing Conventions**

**1. General Conventions For Civic Addressing**

- 1) A civic address shall consist of a civic number followed by a road name and that road name portion of the civic address shall consist of the name of the road from which the principal vehicular access is obtained.
- 2) No civic numbers shall:
  - a) be greater than six characters in length;
  - b) use a zero (0) as the leading number; or
  - c) use alpha characters, except in accordance with Section 2B (6) below.
- 3) Civic addresses shall be written in the form of:

Unit-Civic Number-Road Name  
(e.g. 2-104 Typical Drive means Unit 2 at 104 Typical Drive)

**2. Conventions For Assigning New (Or Reassigning) Civic Numbers**

**2A. Generation Of Civic Numbers**

- 1) All civic numbers shall be generated in accordance with the conventions set out in the following table:

<b>Area</b>	<b>Odd Numbers</b>	<b>Even Numbers</b>	<b>Numbers Increase</b>	<b>One Number Assigned</b>
<b>City of Kingston</b>	West and South side of road	North and East side of road	South to North and East to West	Every 10 metres (33 feet)

- 2) Despite subsection 2A(1) above, all new civic numbers assigned along continuous existing streets or along extensions to existing streets shall be generated in accordance with the conventions set out in the following table:

<b>Area</b>	<b>Odd Numbers</b>	<b>Even Numbers</b>	<b>Numbers Increase</b>	<b>One Number Assigned</b>
<b>Kingston West</b>	West and South side of road	North and East side of road	South to North and East to West	Every 10 metres (33 feet)
<b>Kingston East</b>	East and South side of road	West and North side of road	South to North and West to East	Every 10 metres (33 feet)

**2A. Generation Of Civic Numbers cont'd**

<b>Kingston Central</b>	North and East side of road	West and South side of road	South to North and East to West	Every 7.5 metres (25 feet)
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Figure 1 visually depicts the boundaries indicated in the above table.  
(By-law Number 2005-98)

- 3) Existing numbering in adjacent municipalities shall be given due regard.
- 4) Odd and even numbers shall never be transposed because of a change in road direction.
- 5) The assignment of alpha characters may be permitted as part of a civic address if it is found that no additional numbers are available that would be consistent with the existing numbering system on the street and address changes would impose undue hardship. Alpha characters shall be limited in use and will only be considered where necessary in order to comply with emergency services requirements.

(By-Law 2005-98; By-Law 2010-197)

**2B. Special Cases**

**1) Crescents and U-looped Roads**

For crescent or U-looped roads, the prominent direction determines which side of the road receives odd or even numbers.

**2) Cul-de-Sacs and Small Courts**

For cul-de-sacs and small courts, the change from odd to even numbering occurs at a point as close to the centre line of the street as possible at the limit of the turning circle.

**3) Curved Roads or Roads with Sharp Turns**

For curved roads or roads with sharp turns, allowances are made in the numbering sequence to compensate for the greater number of lots around the outside of the curve.

## **Civic Addressing Conventions cont'd**

### **2B. Special Cases cont'd**

#### **4) Lots with Multiple Frontage**

For properties with more than one frontage, the properties shall be numbered on the frontage where full vehicular access is provided. Where there is no vehicular access to the property, the property shall be numbered on the road frontage where the principal pedestrian access to the building is located.

(By-law Number 2005-98; 2010-197)

For buildings that have multiple frontages and separate entrances, only one civic address shall be assigned to the building. If applicable, subsequent unit numbers shall be assigned, which will be established by using the primary address of the building.

(By-Law 2005-98; By-Law 2010-197; 2016-76)

#### **5) Commercial Plazas and Malls**

In "Multiple unit buildings that only contain a ground floor level shall be assigned unit identifiers that follow a clear numbering sequence. Units shall be assigned as Units 1, 2, 3, etc.

Multiple unit buildings that contain more than one level shall be assigned unit identifiers that contain the floor number prefix and shall be numbered in a sequential manner. The ground floor units shall be assigned as Units 100, 101, 102, 103, etc. The upper floors shall be assigned as 200, 201, 202, (second floor), 300, 301, 302 (third floor), etc. Basement units would be addressed as Lower Level 1 with units as assigned as 1, 2, 3, etc.

In the case of all commercial plazas and malls involving a single building, the building shall be assigned only one civic number and unit identifiers which form part of the civic address shall be used to denote units within the building.

Unit identifiers shall be initially assigned as sequential numbers for each unit in a plaza or mall. Letters of the alphabet shall be used if units are further subdivided.

In the case of all commercial plazas and malls with multiple buildings on a single lot, each building shall be assigned a civic number and signage shall indicate the range of civic addresses.

(By-Law 2005-98; 2016-76)

## **Civic Addressing Conventions - 2B. Special Cases cont'd**

### **6) Multi-Unit Housing**

Where there are multiple residential units within an existing house, each unit shall be assigned as Units 1, 2, 3, 4 etc.

For dwellings that contain a secondary unit, the principal unit shall be assigned as Unit 1 (e.g. 1-100 Main Street) and the secondary unit shall be assigned as Unit 2 (e.g. 2-100 Main Street).

For ground-oriented housing forms with access to the units from external doorways (e.g. townhouses) one civic number shall be assigned to each unit.

For building-oriented housing forms with access to the units from internal doorways (e.g. high rise apartments) civic numbers shall be assigned in the same manner as commercial plazas and malls.

(By-Law 2005-98; 2016-76)

### **7) Multiple Industrial Buildings / Industrial Parks**

Where multiple industrial buildings are located on one lot, each building shall be assigned one civic number and where the location of any civic number on any building within the complex is not apparent from the adjacent road where access is obtained, the range of addresses and directions to each shall be displayed on a sign visible from the road from which principal vehicular access is obtained.

For units in common buildings within an industrial complex, civic numbers shall be assigned in the same manner as commercial plazas and malls.

### **8) Public / Private Utilities**

Properties that contain such public and private utilities and related facilities as hydro and telecommunication towers or parking areas require a civic address. The facilities shall be numbered on the road frontage where full vehicular access is provided.

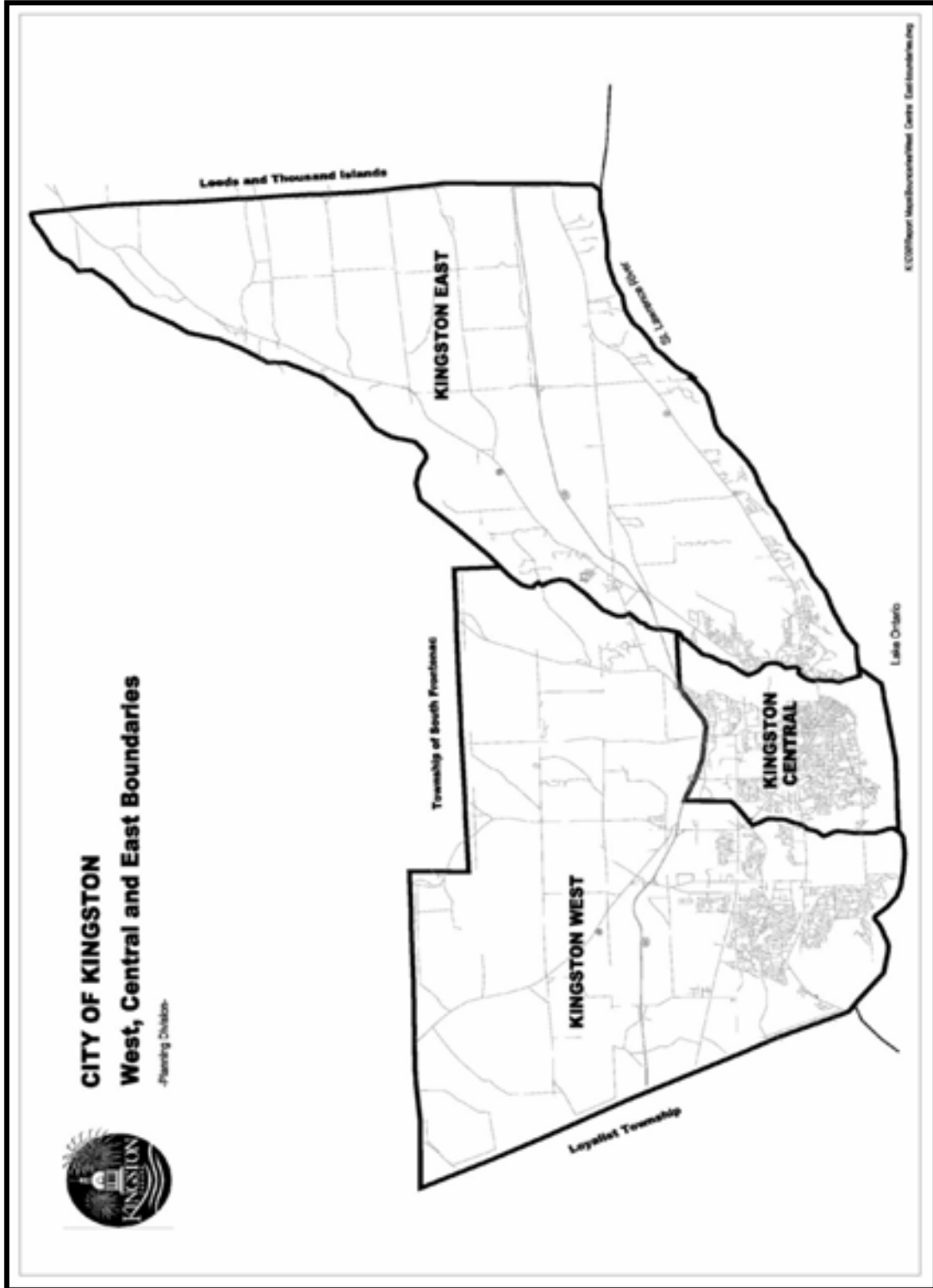
(By-Law 2005-98; By-Law 2010-197)

### 3. Civic Address Approval Process

- 1) When a property owner requires a new civic address or civic address reassignment, the following procedure shall be followed by the City:
  - a) obtain, from the owner, a legal property description or plan of survey and, if any building(s) is located or planned on the property, a plan showing the location of all buildings and location of principal vehicular access;
  - b) assign a new civic number;
  - c) update official records and plans as required;
  - d) inform the owner of the new civic address; and,
  - e) notify proper agencies (both internal and external).
  
- 2) New civic addresses may be provided to property owners over the telephone, but are not official until the property owner is notified in writing by the City.

***Note: See following page re: Figure 1: City of Kingston West, Central and East Boundaries***

Figure 1: City of Kingston West, Central and East Boundaries



**Schedule“B”  
Road Naming Conventions**

**1. Road Naming Suffixes And Definitions**

The suffix designation assigned to new road names shall comply with the following recognized suffixes and shall conform to the roadway characteristics provided in the description.”

<b>Road Type</b>	<b>Road Name Suffix</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>Boulevard</b>	<b>Blvd</b>	A thoroughfare, often with a median reflecting the boulevard character implied in the name. Boulevards are usually major arteries and often act on a collector capacity. Boulevards are often wide and are usually tree lined or having trees planted in the median.
<b>Avenue Street</b>	<b>Ave St</b>	A limited thoroughfare serving local areas.
<b>Drive</b>	<b>Dr</b>	A winding, meandering thoroughfare that is usually greater than three hundred (300) metres in length.
<b>Road</b>	<b>Rd</b>	A limited thoroughfare often greater than three hundred (300) metres in length that usually carries heavy traffic.
<b>Court Place</b>	<b>Crt Pl</b>	A thoroughfare that dead ends or forms a cul-de-sac.
<b>Circle</b>	<b>Cir</b>	A short thoroughfare that returns onto itself.
<b>Lane</b>	<b>Lane</b>	A private road that is often short and narrow with minimal traffic.
<b>Crescent</b>	<b>Cr</b>	A short thoroughfare that begins and ends on the same street.
<b>Terrace</b>	<b>Terr</b>	A local collector street.
<b>Trail</b>	<b>Trail</b>	A street which is a major transportation arterial which spans more than one area of the City.
<b>Way</b>	<b>Way</b>	A narrow street or highway, generally a street with a hard surface width of twelve (12) metres or less.
<b>Square</b>	<b>Sq</b>	A widening of a street that creates an island between the extreme boundaries of the street. An open place or area formed at the meeting of two or more streets.

(By-Law Number 2005-98; By-law Number 2010-197)



## 2. Conventions For Assigning New Names Or Renaming A Road

- 1) All highways and private roads accessible to vehicles shall be named.
- 2) Names shall include a maximum of twenty-eight (28) characters (including spaces and a single suffix type).
- 3) Street names beginning with silent letters (e.g. knight or pneumonia) shall not be permitted.
- 4) The use of symbols (e.g.!, @, #, \$, %, ^, & and \*) shall not be permitted.
- 5) Names that duplicate existing road names, or are phonetically similar, or are easily confused with any road name used or reserved for use in the City or the area served by the Kingston Area Central Street Register shall not be permitted.
- 6) Duplication of road names within neighbouring municipalities and the entire 9-1-1 service area shall be avoided.
- 7) The use of apostrophes (') and hyphens (-, \_) shall be avoided.
- 8) The use of alpha characters in front of names (e.g. N, S, E, or W) shall be avoided.
- 9) Names that attempt to differentiate by use of differing suffixes shall not be permitted (e.g. Gore Road and Gore Avenue).
- 10) Continuity in the naming of a single thoroughfare shall be exercised whenever possible. Ideally, a street running continually should have the same name throughout its entire length. If development is phased, and a highway will eventually connect, the thoroughfare continuity naming convention should apply.
- 11) Names incorporating both first and last names of individuals shall be avoided except in cases where an honour is being conferred, such as in the recognition of an exceptional individual or celebrity.
- 12) Roads named after living individuals shall not be permitted.
- 13) Roads bearing commercial names shall not be permitted.
- 14) The use of historical names shall be encouraged.
- 15) Any proposed road name that contains a geographical reference shall be appropriate to the location (e.g. Riverside Drive should be beside a river).
- 16) Any proposed name shall be pleasant sounding, easily recognizable, and capable of clear pronunciation by the average individual.
- 17) Within a new subdivision or other development project, a selected "theme" to be followed in the naming of multiple streets shall be encouraged.
- 18) Names that lend themselves to inappropriate short forms or modification shall be avoided.
- 19) Names that are discriminatory, offensive, or derogatory shall not be permitted.

### **3. Assigning Road Names For Plans Of Subdivision**

Draft Plans of Subdivision shall be submitted to the City by the developer with the proposed new highways or private roads demarcated as "Street A", "Street B", etc. Following the approval of the Draft Plan of Subdivision by the City, the developer shall formally submit, in writing, the proposed names of the new highways or private roads to the City for review and approval. Once the City has formally approved the road names and provided written confirmation to the developer, the names shall be shown on the Final Plan of Subdivision to be submitted to the City for approval and registration.

A sign indicating the approved road name should be erected before the issuance of a Building Permit(s).

### **4. Conventions For Assigning Civic Addresses In Plans Of Subdivision**

- 1) Civic addresses will be assigned to the lots established by the approved Draft Plan of Subdivision prior to the final registration of the Plan.
- 2) The Owner shall be advised that the assigned civic addresses are tentative until the final registration of the Plan of Subdivision.
- 3) For a lot(s) with more than one frontage on a road, the lot(s) will be assigned a civic address on the road frontage where primary vehicular access is to be provided.
- 4) For a lot(s) with more than one frontage on a road and prior to applying for a building permit, the Owner shall confirm with the Director of Planning and Development or his/her designate the road frontage where primary vehicular access is to be provided and shall confirm the assigned civic address.

(By-Law Number 2005-98; By-law Number 2010-197)

**Schedule “C”  
Signage Conventions For Civic Addresses**

**1. Urban Signage Conventions**

Properties that have been assigned a civic address and are located within the Urban Area of the City as defined in the most current Official Plan(s) shall comply with the following:

- 1) All civic numbers in the urban area shall be posted on the building façade closest to the road for easy identification and recognition by 9-1-1 Emergency Response.
- 2) Where the building is equal to or greater than fifteen (15) metres (50 feet) from the road right-of-way or where the building façade is not clearly visible from the road, the civic number shall be placed on a post with a number blade. The post shall measure 1.25 metres (4 feet) above grade and be located at the intersection of the driveway to the building and the road right-of-way. When no driveway exists, the number blade shall be installed at the midpoint of the street frontage. Numbers on the number blade shall be a minimum height of 10 centimeters (4 inches).
- 3) Green civic address blades may be posted on properties located within the urban area, where the building is located less than fifteen (15) metres (50 feet) from the road if one or more of the following characteristics is met:
  - a) The building is obscured by such features as vegetation, gates, topography and/or other structures;
  - b) The property is located in the urban/rural fringe near or at the urban boundary but still displays some rural features; and
  - c) At the Owner’s request and cost.

(By-Law Number 2005-98; By-law Number 2010-197)

- 4) Every property, building, and/or unit in the City shall have its assigned civic number posted (displayed) in plain (preferably block), legible, distinguishable, numerals (e.g. 1, 2, 3). Roman numerals (e.g. I, II, III) shall not be used as posted civic numbers.
- 5) Notwithstanding Section 1(2) above, civic numbers shall be a minimum of 17.5 centimeters (7 inches) in height and shall face and be visible from the road to which the civic address applies.
- 6) Civic numbers shall be set on a background of a contrasting colour and be illuminated or located where they can be easily seen at night.

## **Signage Conventions For Civic Addresses - 1. Urban Signage Conventions cont'd**

- 7) Civic numbers posted on doors shall be avoided. Where a civic number must be placed on a door, the number shall be on the external most door (e.g. on the outside of the screen door and not on the main door where it may be difficult or impossible to read due to being shielded from view by the screen or storm door).
- 8) The posting of the unit portion of a civic address, if applicable, shall be in plain view from the outside of the exterior door that provides access to such a unit.

(By-Law Number 2005-98; By-law Number 2010-197)

- 9) For civic addresses to be displayed on stone block masonry as part of a residential dwelling façade, the developer or owner of the property must contact the Director of Planning and Development or his/her designate prior to obtaining a building permit, to confirm that the civic address on the stone block masonry is correct, would be visible from the appropriate street and would comply with emergency service requirements.

(By-Law Number 2005-98; By-law Number 2010-197)

- 10) For units contained within an existing house, the civic number for each residential unit shall be posted on the façade of the house where the entrance of the unit is located. Where the posting of the civic number for the unit on the façade of the house is not possible, the posting of the civic number shall be in plain view from the outside of the exterior door that provides access to the unit. Where necessary, wayfinding signage shall be installed.

If the principal unit and the secondary unit (e.g. basement apartment, in-law suite, secondary suite) of an existing house are situated in the rural area, a number blade, which identifies the civic number for each unit, is required to be installed at the driveway entrance of the property. Two number blades shall be installed which identifies the principal unit as Unit 1 (e.g. 1-100) and the secondary unit as Unit 2 (e.g. 2-100).

(By-Law Number 2005-98; 2016-76)

- 11) Where multiple buildings are located on a lot and the civic numbers for the buildings cannot be visible from the road, the range of civic addresses must be displayed on a ground sign. The ground sign must be located in a prominent location on the property where the principal vehicular access is obtained. The size and colour of the civic numbers on the ground sign must comply with the signage conventions in this Schedule.

(By-Law Number 2005-98; 2016-76)

- 12) Where, in the opinion of the Director, it has been determined that the location of the building and/or unit on a lot is such that the civic numbering signage requirements outlined in this Schedule are inadequate with respect to the visibility of the civic number from the road, the Director may impose additional requirements (e.g. directional signs) relating to the visibility of the civic number to ensure efficient way finding and public safety.

(By-Law Number 2005-98; 2016-76)

## 2. Rural Signage Conventions

Properties which have been assigned a civic address and are located within the Rural Area of the City as defined in the most current Official Plan(s) shall comply with the following:

- 1) Each property and/or building assigned a civic address shall be identified by a number blade installed by the City in a manner and location approved by the Manager of Engineering Services or his/her designate.
- 2) Number blades installed in conformance with this section shall conform to the specifications determined by the Manager of Engineering Services or his/her designate and shall be available only through the City or its approved agents.
- 3) There shall be a fee for the cost and installation of the number blade as set out in Schedule "D" to this By-law. Applicants for the construction of new buildings within the scope of this section shall pay the fee for the cost of the number blade to the Building, Taxation, and Revenue Committee.  
(By-law Number 2005-206)
- 4) The number blade shall be maintained by the owner of the property and/or building in a visible condition and shall not be altered or relocated without prior authorization of the Manager of Engineering Services or his/her designate.

**Note:** There shall be a fee for the cost and installation of the number blade as set out in Schedule "D" to this By-law. Applicants for the construction of new buildings within the scope of this section shall pay the fee for the cost of the number blade to the Building, Taxation, and Revenue Committee

**Schedule “D”  
Civic Addressing And Road Naming Fees**

<b>Activity</b>	<b>Department Responsible</b>	<b>Fee</b>
Installation of a Civic Address Blade	Engineering	<b>Refer to By-law 2005-10</b>
Change of Assigned Civic Address*	Planning	<b>Refer to By-law 2005-10</b>
Change of Assigned Road Name*	Planning	\$3,000 plus administration and signage installation fees
Installation of a Road Name Sign	Engineering	Negotiated as part of the conditions for final approval of a plan of subdivision or road name change and will reflect cost of administration, material, and labour

\*Fee applicable only if change is requested by a property owner(s) and not the result of a City initiative.

**Note:** All fees above are subject to review and change. When City Council deems it necessary to modify these fees, and therefore this Schedule, an amendment to this Civic Addressing and Road Naming By-law is not required.